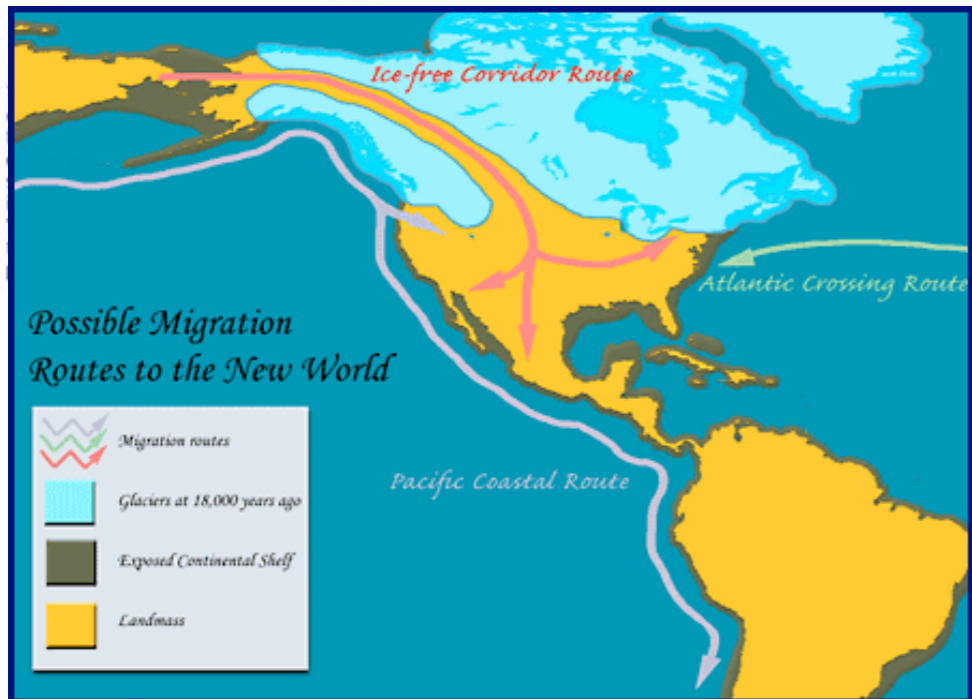
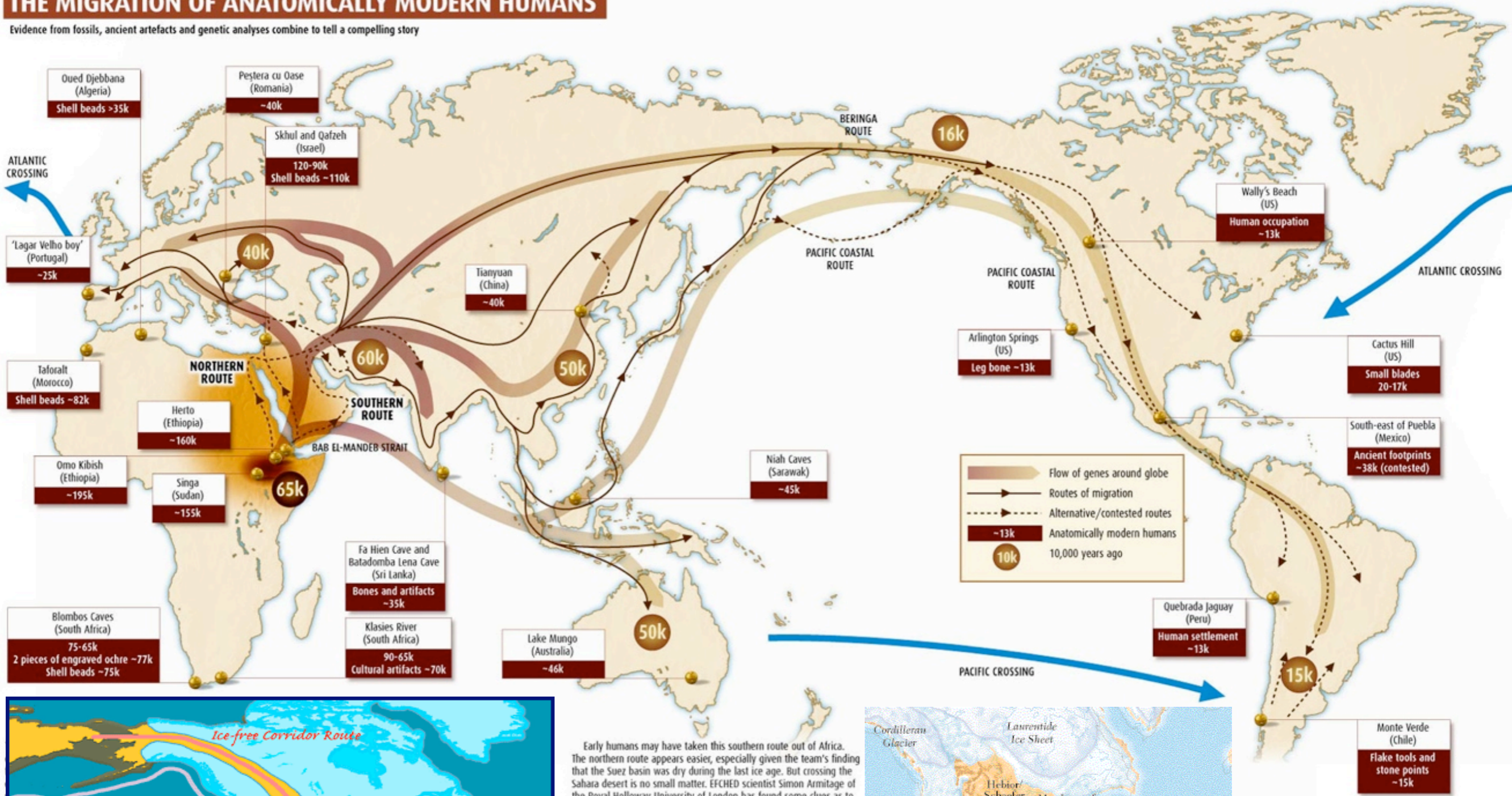




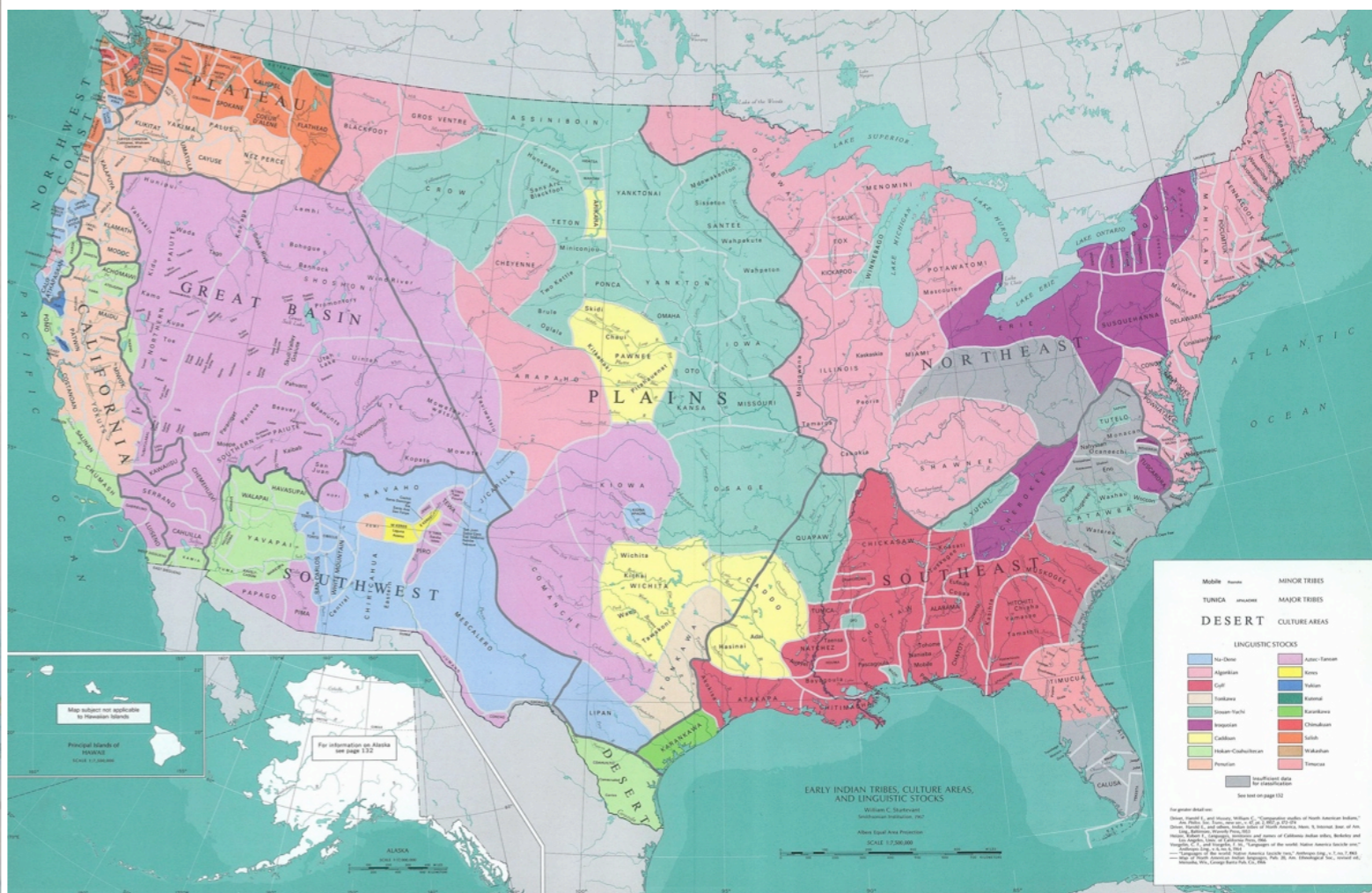
THE MIGRATION OF ANATOMICALLY MODERN HUMANS

Evidence from fossils, ancient artefacts and genetic analyses combine to tell a compelling story

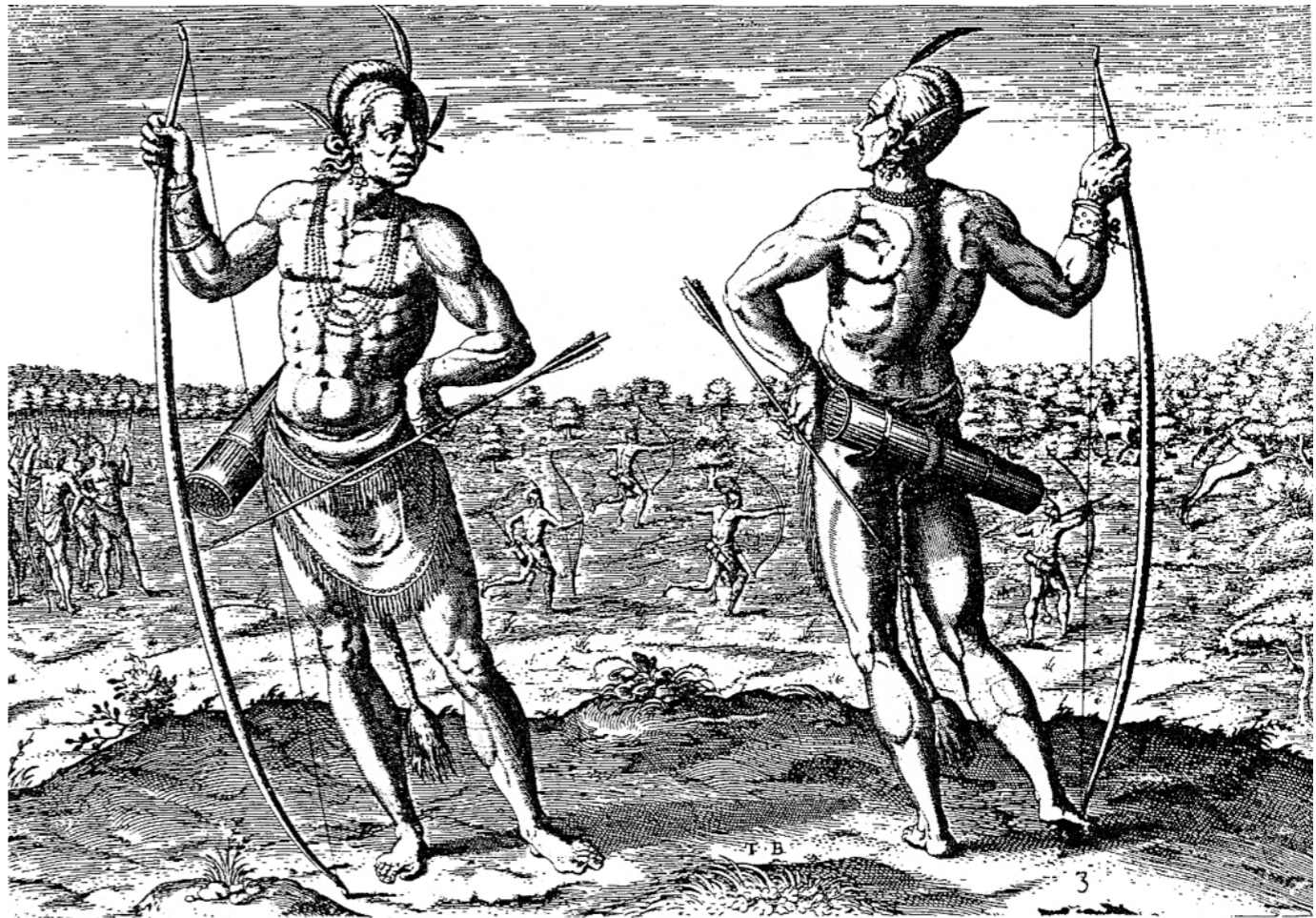


Early humans may have taken this southern route out of Africa. The northern route appears easier, especially given the team's finding that the Suez basin was dry during the last ice age. But crossing the Sahara desert is no small matter. EFCHED scientist Simon Armitage of the Royal Holloway University of London has found some clues as to how this might have been possible. During the past 150,000 years, North Africa has experienced abrupt switches between dry, arid conditions and a humid climate. During the longer wetter periods huge lakes existed in both Chad and Libya, which would have





Right: Algonquians of Virginia Colony, 1585 by artist John White



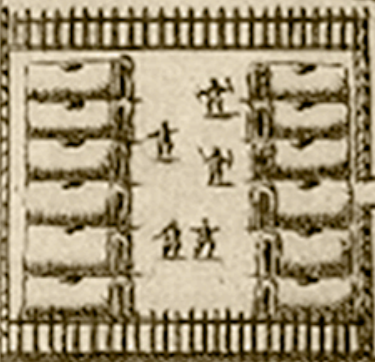


Woodland Period: 1000 BC - 900 AD
 Mississippian Period: 900 AD - 1500 AD



Calumet de paix qui est une grande pipe &

Tom. 2. pag. 11

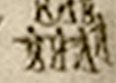


villages des Sauvages



Sauvage portant le Calumet de paix et dansant

conseillers



Sauvages qui demandent passage

Canot qui a pris le Canot pour porter le Calumet de paix

Canot du village d'outre du fleuve



Danse du Calumet



Conseil des anciens surveillards

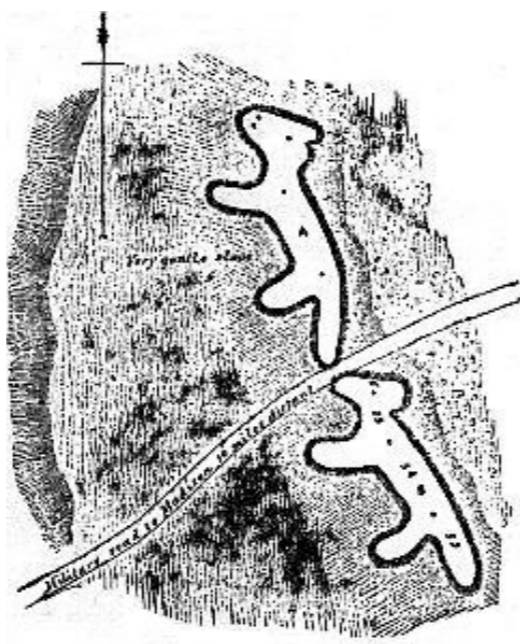


Danse de guerre





Effigy Mounds



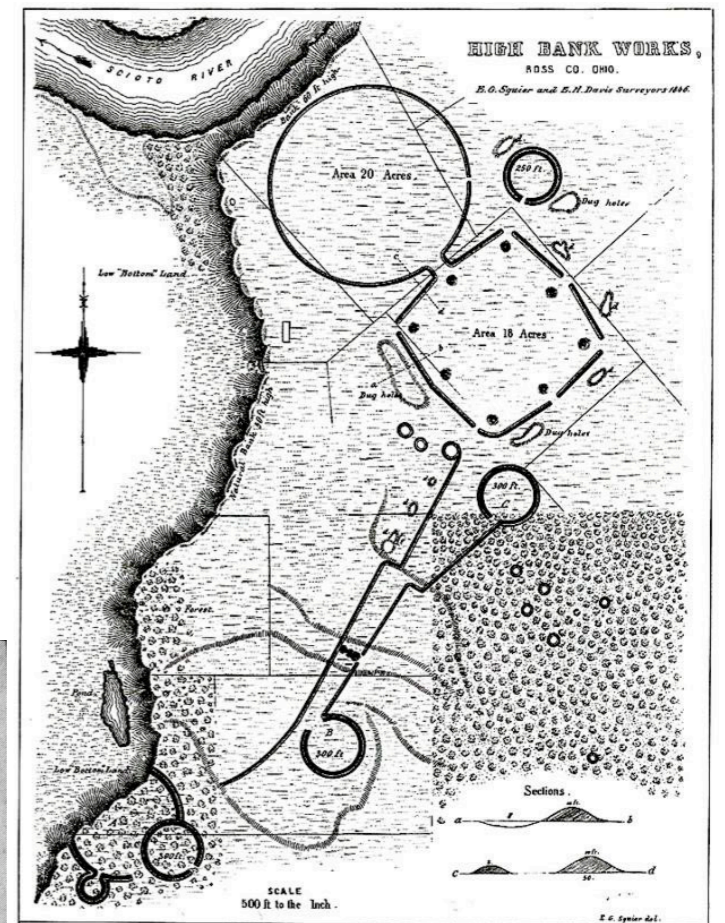
Effigy Mounds.



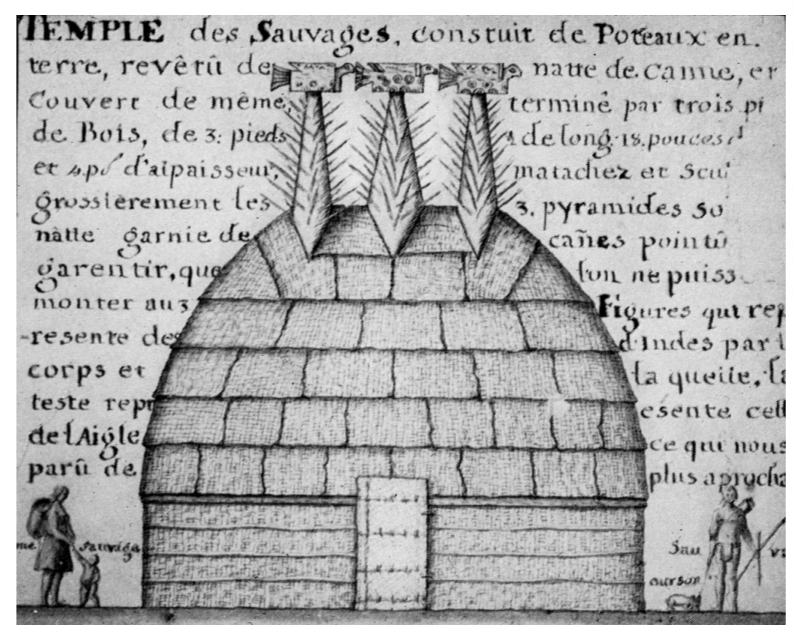
Space Defining Mounds



Burial Mounds

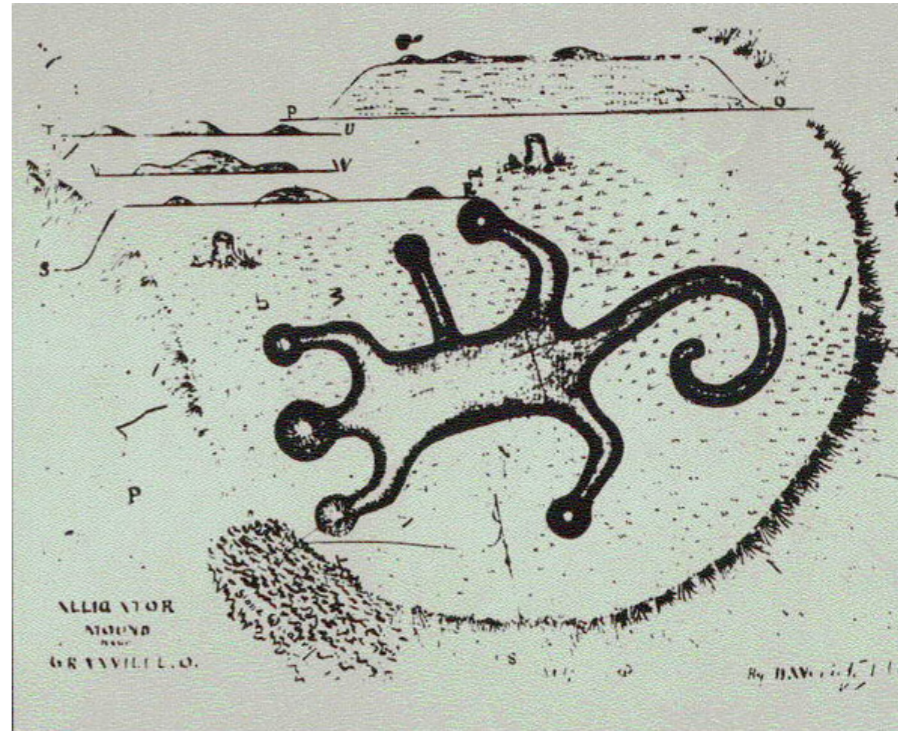


Temple Mounds



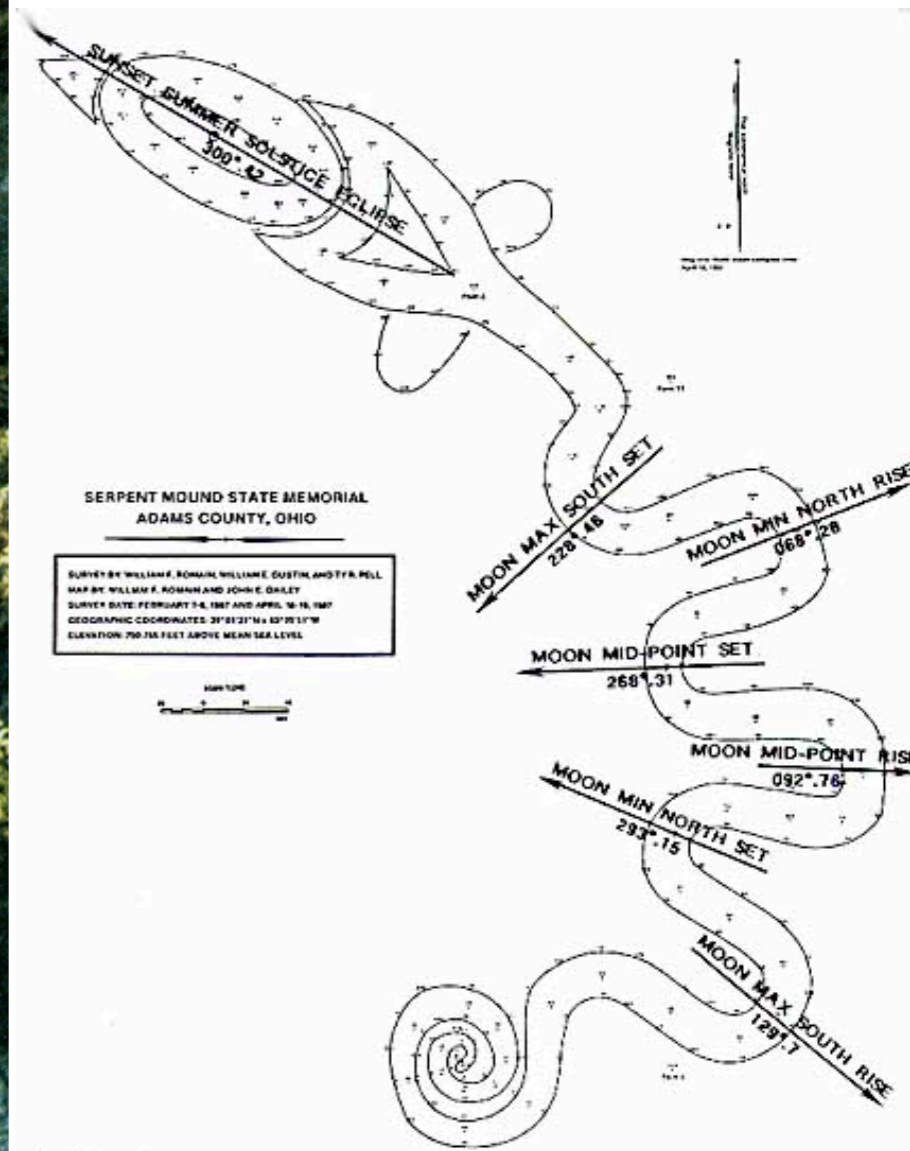


Serpent Mound, circa 100 AD





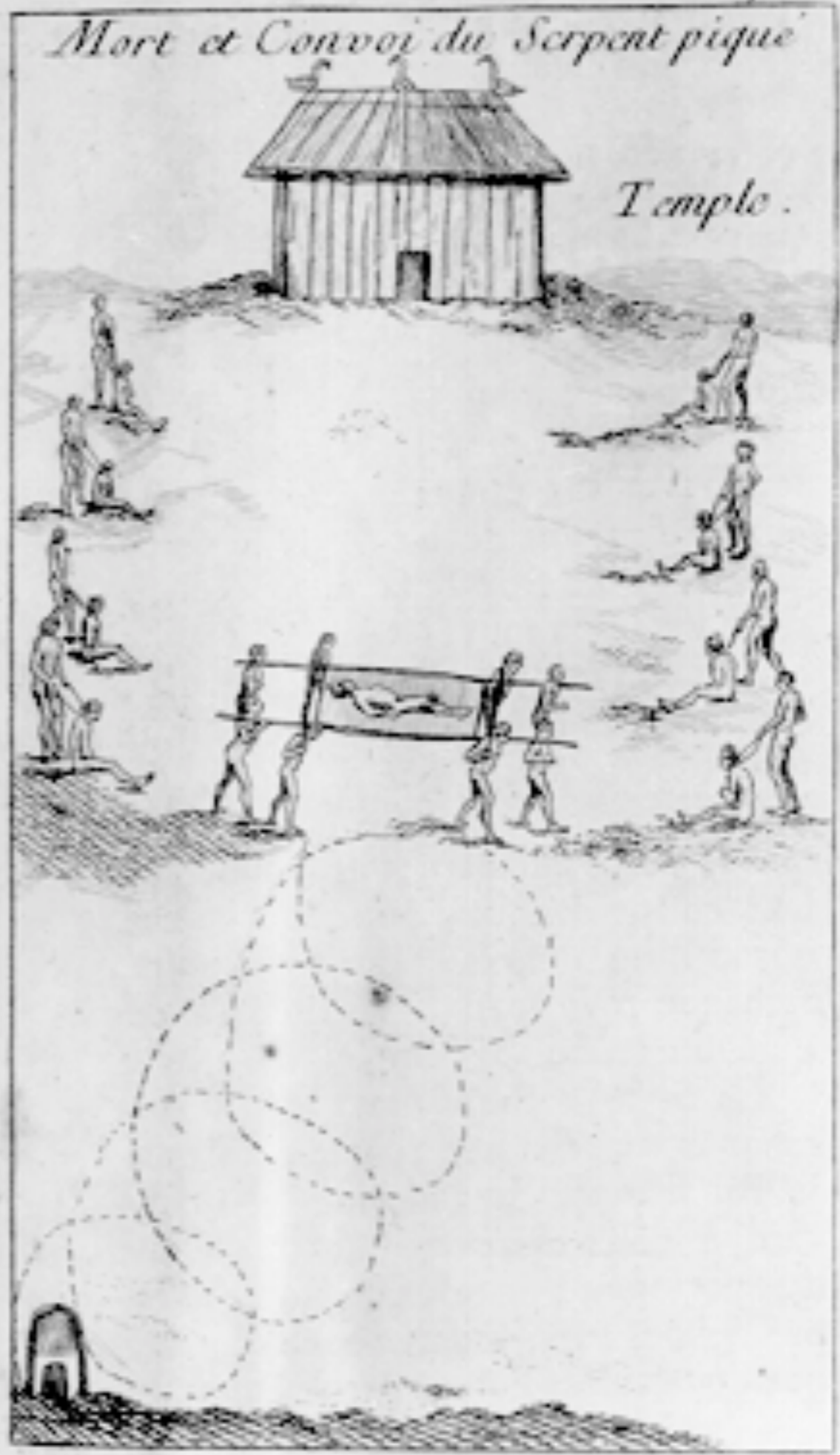






Mort et Convoi du Serpent piqué

Temple.







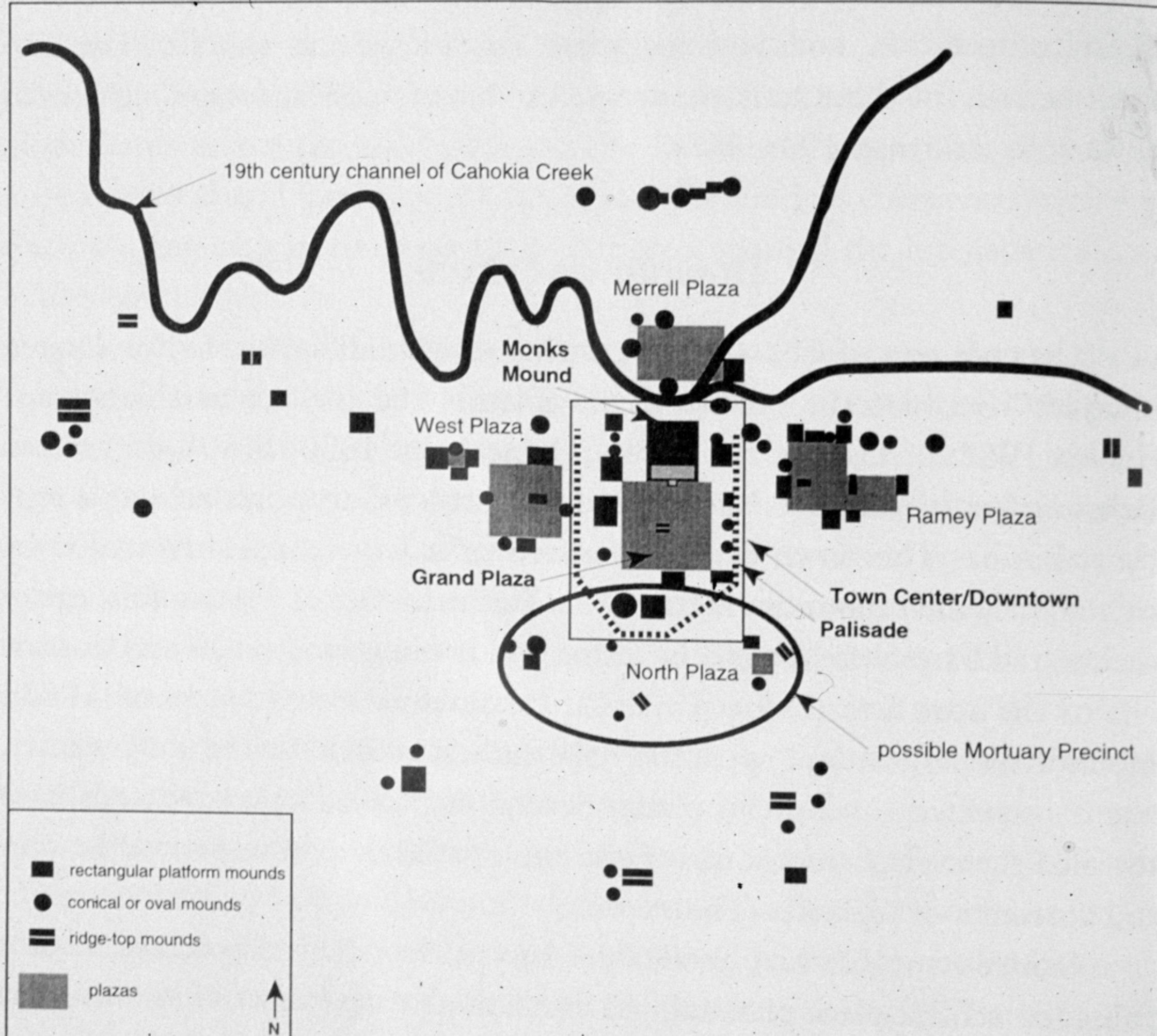












19th century channel of Cahokia Creek

Merrell Plaza

Monks Mound

West Plaza

Ramey Plaza

Grand Plaza

Town Center/Downtown Palisade

North Plaza

possible Mortuary Precinct

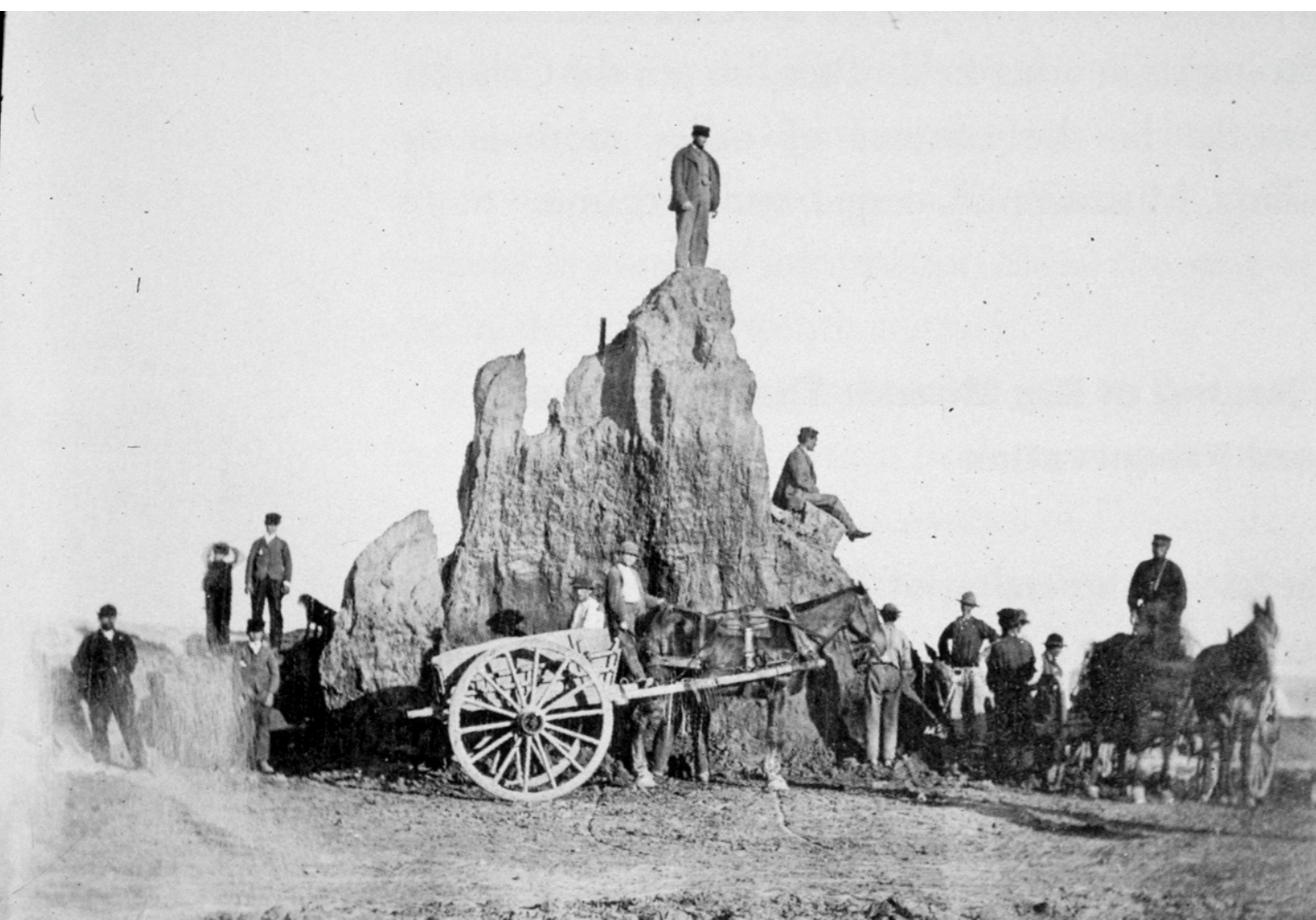
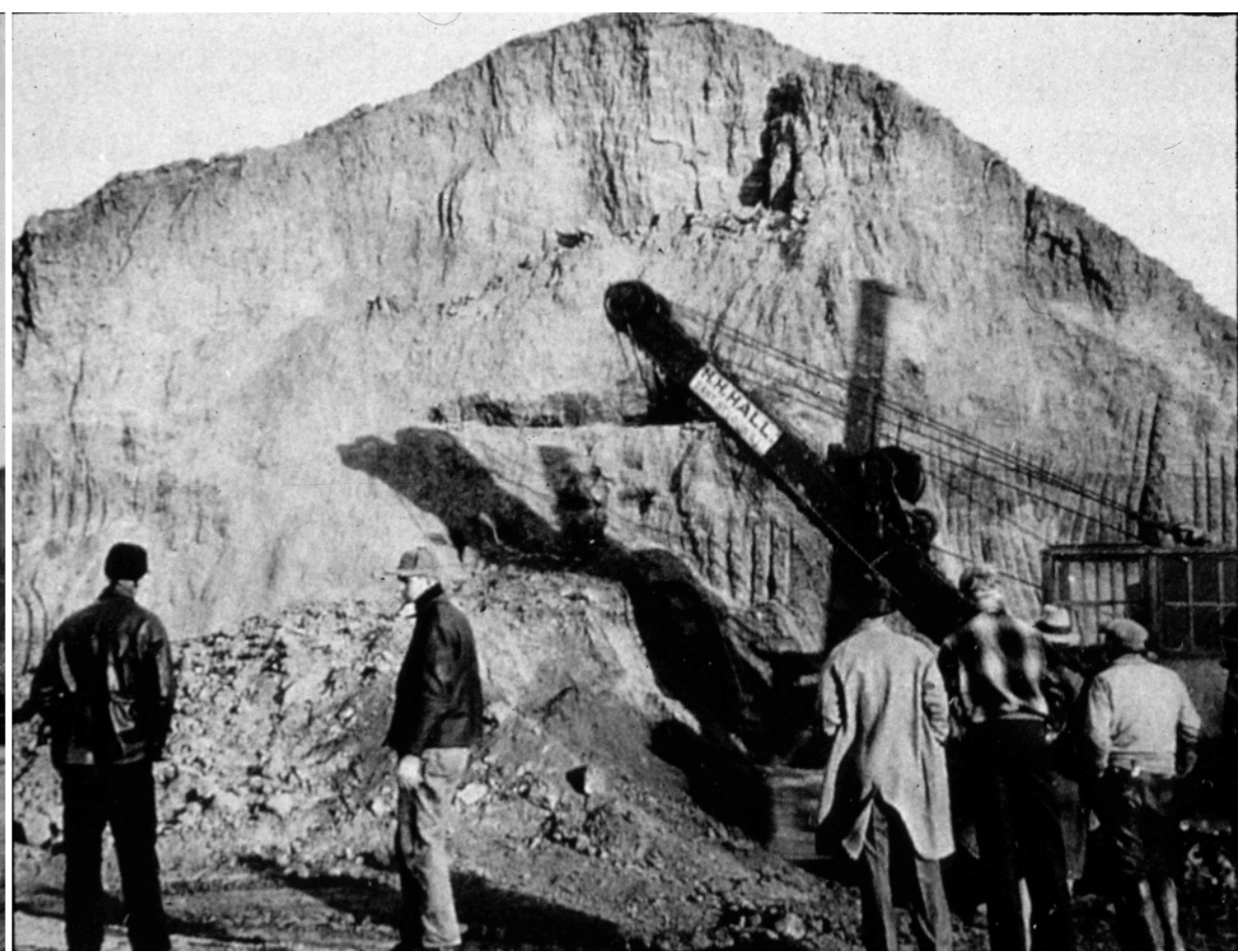
- rectangular platform mounds
- conical or oval mounds
- ▬ ridge-top mounds
- plazas

↑
N





FIG. 5 DAWN AT THE
EQUINOX - AN AURA OF





SKETCHES
OF
MONUMENTS and ANTIQUES,
FOUND IN THE
MOUNDS, TOMBS and ANCIENT CITIES of AMERICA.



ARRANGED, CLASSIFIED & DESCRIBED,

BY

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Ethnological Society, National Institute, & the Irish Historical Society 270 271

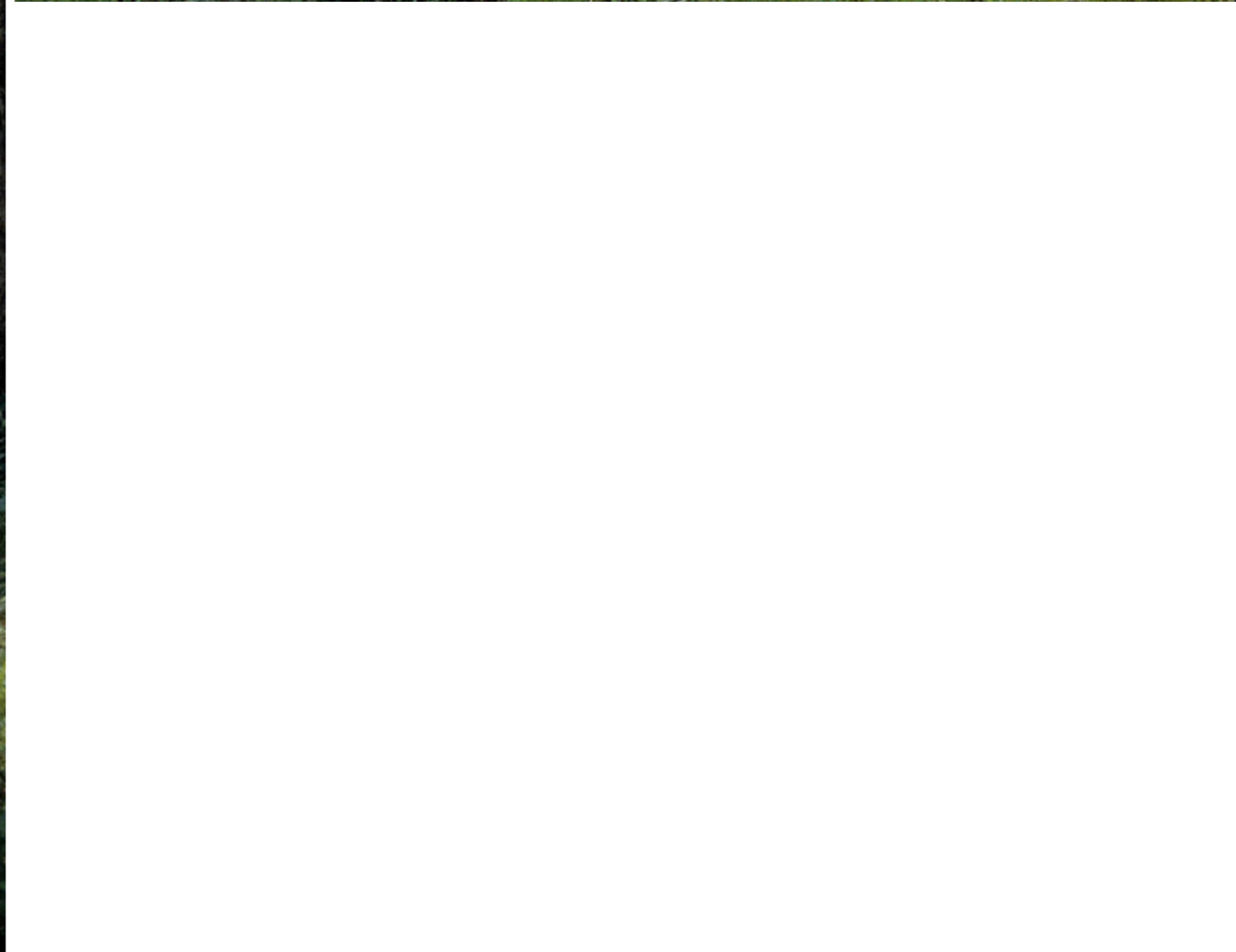
NEW YORK, 1858.



ANCIENT WORKS, MARIETTA, OHIO.



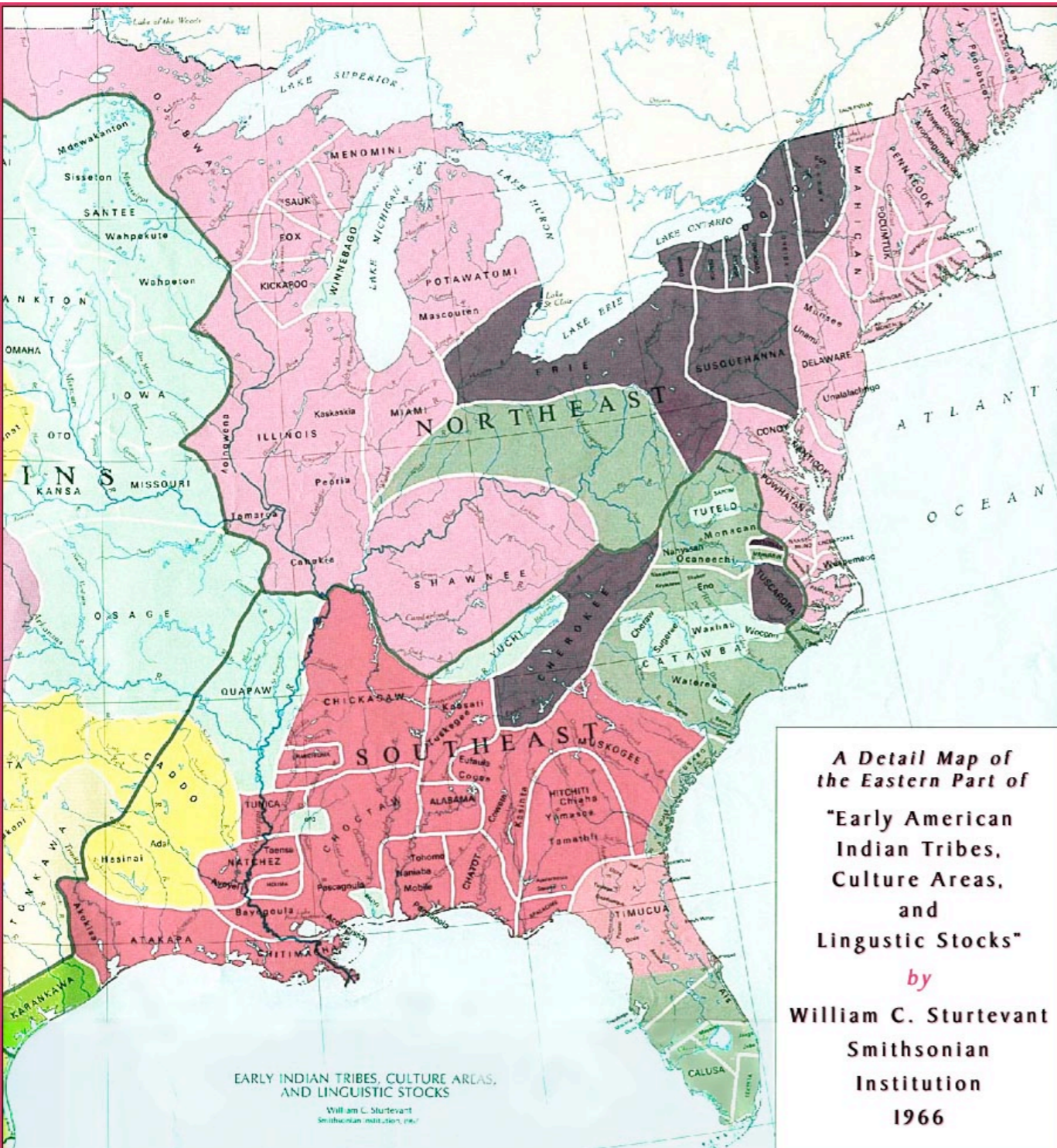
GREAT MOUND AT MARIETTA, OHIO.











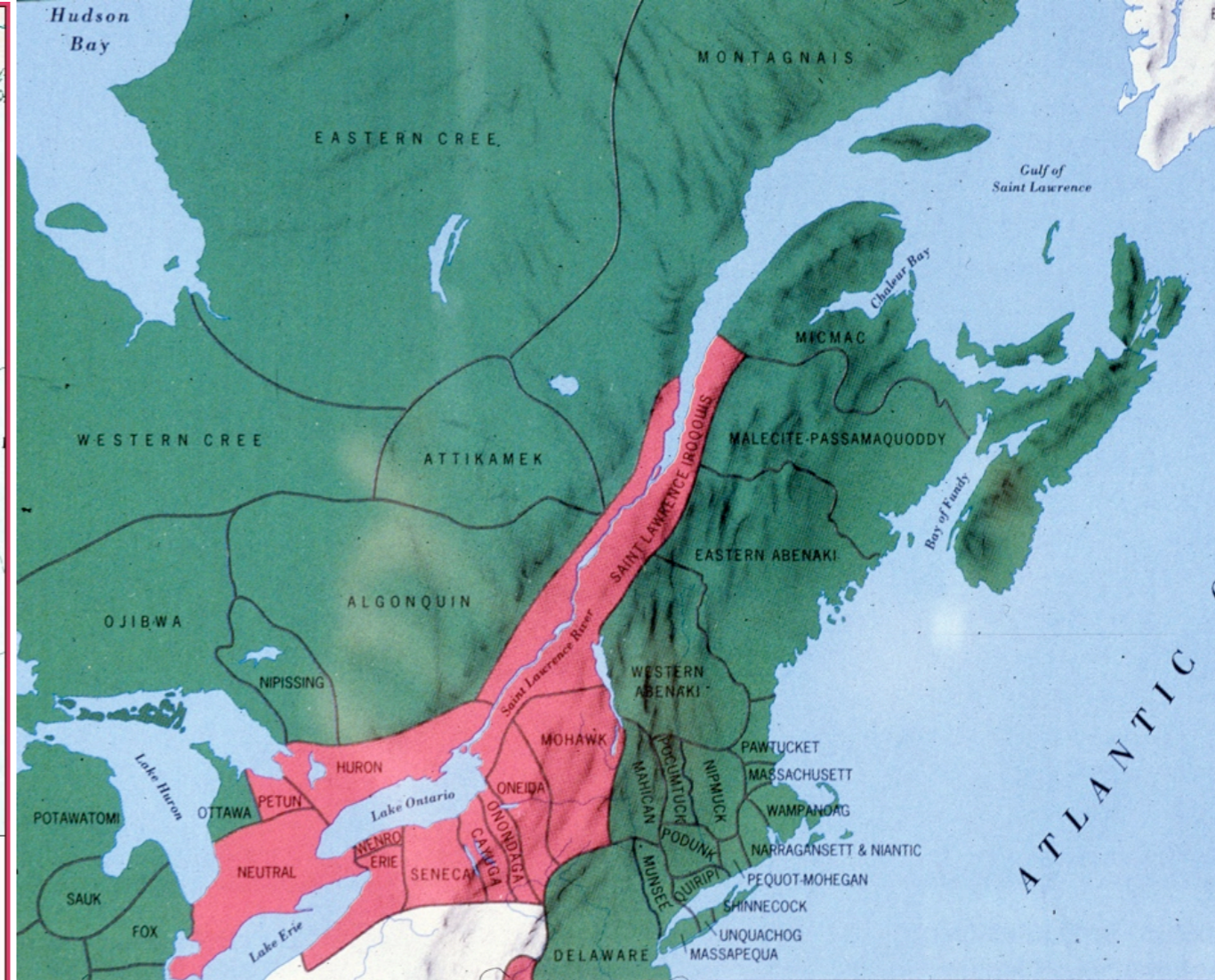
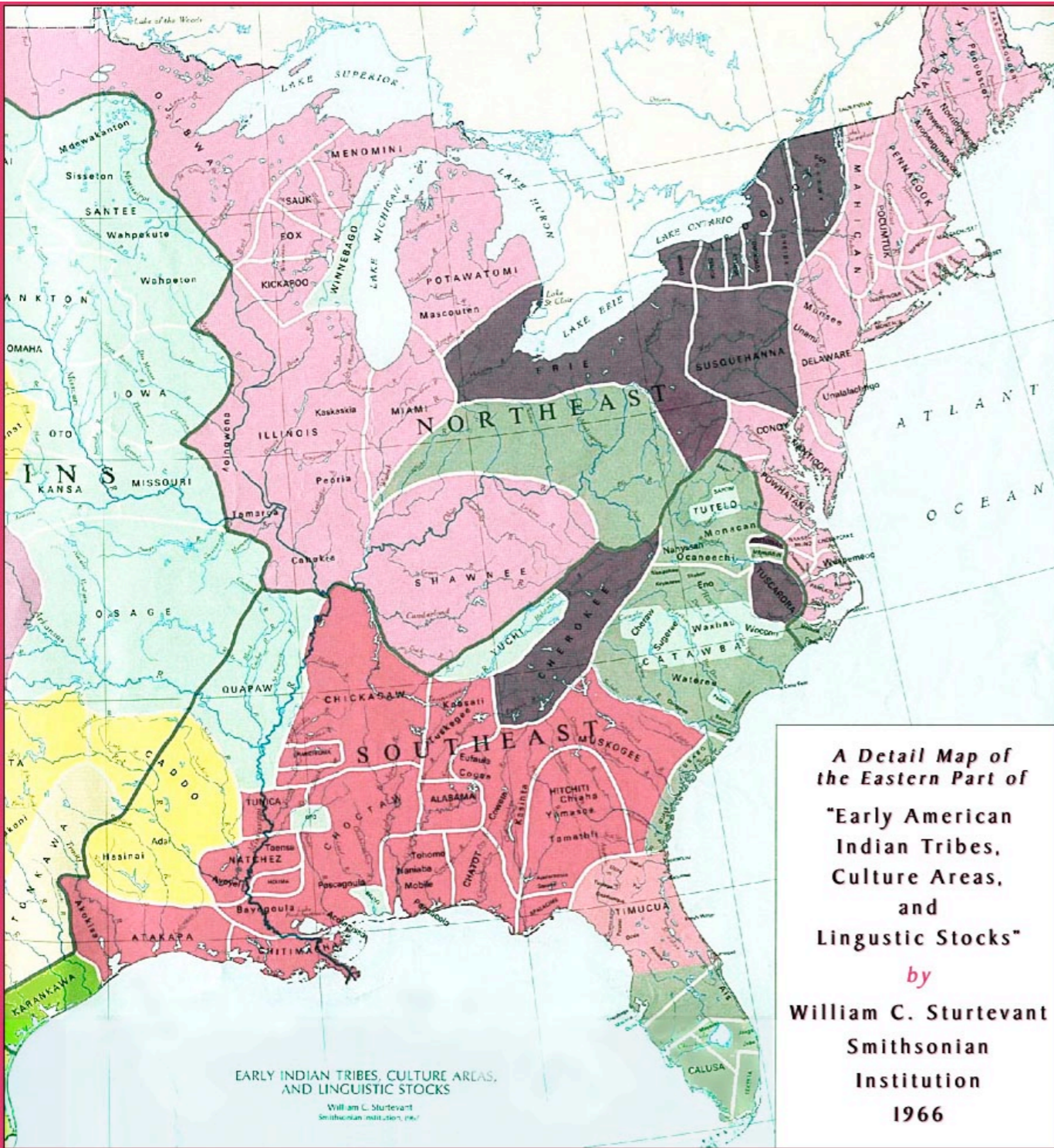
Powhatan tribes of the Chesapeake at the time of English contact, 1607.



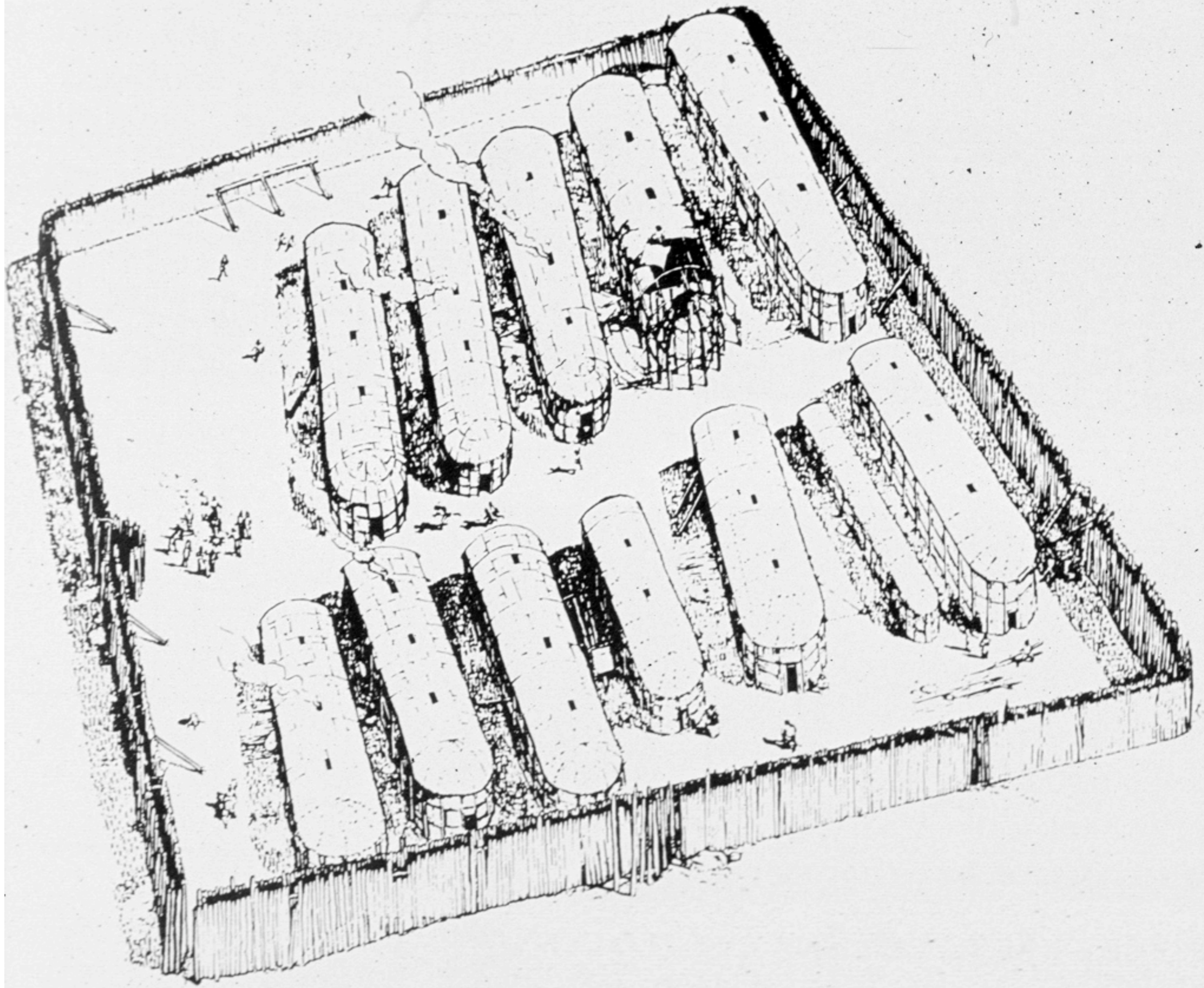
A Ceremony in their prayers w
 strange vestures and songs dancing
 about posts carried on the topps
 lyke mens faces.



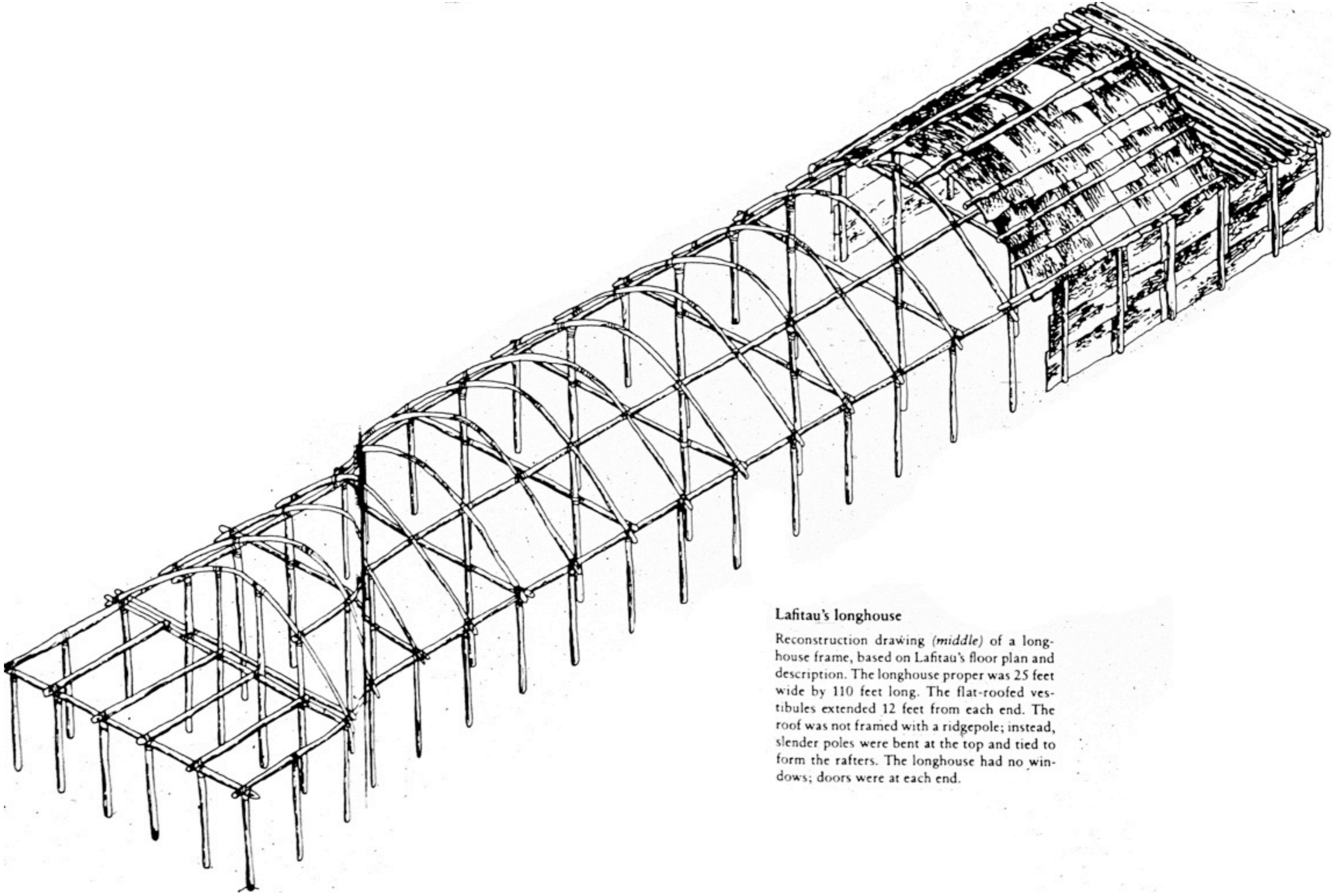




The ***Iroquois Confederacy***, also called the ***League of Five Nations***, established in 1142 with the signing of the Great Law of Peace







Lafitau's longhouse

Reconstruction drawing (*middle*) of a longhouse frame, based on Lafitau's floor plan and description. The longhouse proper was 25 feet wide by 110 feet long. The flat-roofed vestibules extended 12 feet from each end. The roof was not framed with a ridgepole; instead, slender poles were bent at the top and tied to form the rafters. The longhouse had no windows; doors were at each end.

